

# PT4/ANNUAL EXAMINATION, 2023-24

## SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time – 3 hrs.

Class – VII

M.M. – 80

Name of the student \_\_\_\_\_ Section \_\_\_\_\_ Date - 10.02.2024 (Saturday)

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS -

- The Question paper contains four sections - Section A, B, C, D.
- All questions are compulsory.
- Section-A: Consist of objective type and very short answer type questions, carrying 1 and 2 marks respectively.
- Section-B: Consist of questions carrying 3 and 4 marks.
- Section -C: Consist of long questions carrying 5 marks.
- Section-D is map based question in two parts, carrying 6 marks that includes the identification and location of significant test items. Attach the map with the answer book.
- Overall choice has been given in the question paper.

### SECTION - A

**Q.1 Choose the correct option from the following. (1x8=8)**

- i) Salinity refers to the amount of salt present in \_\_\_\_\_ grams of water.  
a) 100 grams      b) 1000 grams      c) 10 grams      d) 10000 grams
- ii) The author of Sultana's dream published in 1905 was \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Pandita Ramabai      b) Rokeya Shakhawat Hussain  
c) Rashsundari Devi      d) Laxmi Lakra
- iii) Which of the following is the main source of income of the media?  
a) Democracy      b) Advertisements      c) News reader      d) TV set
- iv) Why most of the newspapers nowadays fail to provide a balance story?  
a) Because of the governments interference  
b) Because business houses control the media  
c) Because of censorship  
d) All of the above
- v) Match the column and choose the correct option.

Column A	Column B
i) Shankaradev	e) Worship of Shiva
ii) Nizamuddin Auliya	f) Worship of Vishnu
iii) Nayanars	g) Sufi saint
iv) Alvars	h) Namghar

- a) i-h; ii-g; iii-e; iv-f      b) i-h; ii-g; iii-f; iv-e      c) i-g; ii-h; iii-e; iv-f      d) i-f; ii-e; iii-f; iv-h
- vi) The newspaper run by eight dalit women in Chitrakoot district in Uttar Pradesh is \_\_\_\_\_.  
a) Dainik Bhaskar      b) Kelo Pravah      c) Khabar Lahriya      d) Samachar Lahriya

- vii) Market that cater to the immediate needs of the people in an area and provide things on credit is \_\_\_\_\_ -  
 a) Super market                      b) Neighbourhood market  
 c) Shopping complex              d) Weekly market
- viii) Ramanuja was influenced by \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) Alvars                      b) Surdas                      c) Sufism                      d) Nayanars

**Q.2 Assertion and Reason. (1×2=2)**

- (i) **Assertion (A):** It is estimated that a large area of the rainforest has been disappearing annually in the Amazon basin.  
**Reason (R):** The developmental activities are leading to the gradual destruction of the biologically diverse rainforests.
- a) A and R both the statements are true and R is the correct explanation of A.  
 b) A and R both the statements are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.  
 c) A is true and R is false.  
 d) A is false and R is true.
- (ii) **Assertion (A):** Television images travel huge distances through satellites and cables.  
**Reason(R):** This does not allow us to view news and entertainment of other parts of the world.
- a) A and R both the statements are true and R is the correct explanation of A.  
 b) A and R both the statements are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.  
 c) A is true and R is false.  
 d) A is false and R is true.

**Q.3 Fill in the blanks. (1×5=5)**

- a) Buranjis were historical works written by \_\_\_\_\_.
- b) The nomad traders known as \_\_\_\_\_ carried things on their bullocks from different areas and sold it in towns.
- c) Pandharpur was an important centre of the Bhakti tradition in \_\_\_\_\_ (state).
- d) The capital of the Marathas in the eighteenth century was located in \_\_\_\_\_.
- e) Deodars and firs are a type of \_\_\_\_\_ trees.

**Q.4 Give one suitable term for the following. (1×4=4)**

- a) The Ahom state depended upon these forced labour to work for the state.
- b) These are writings of saints lives.
- c) The ruler of Amber, Sawai Jai Singh, constructed five astronomical observatories known by this name.
- d) This is a depression formed when the wind blows away the sands in a desert and where underground water reaches the surface.

**Q.5 Define the following terms. (1×3=3)**

- a) Censorship                      b) Precipitation                      c) Weekly market

**Q.6 Answer the following questions in short.**

**(2x4=8)**

- a) What are tides and how are they caused?
- b) List two reasons why learning alphabets was so important to women like Rashsundari Devi and Ramabai.
- c) Name any four cities located on the banks of river Ganga.
- d) What kind of exchanges took place between nomadic pastoralists and settled agriculturists?

### **SECTION - B**

**Q.7 Answer the following questions in brief.**

**(3x3=9)**

- a) Why did Marathas want to expand beyond the Deccan?
- b) Draw and label the diagrams of Neap tide and Spring Tide.
- c) What are the various ways through which people express their dissatisfaction to any of the government's decision which does not go in their favour?

**Q.8 Answer Any Four from the following in 60 to 80 words.**

**(4x4=16)**

- a) Describe the teachings of Baba Guru Nanak.
- b) What kind of effect does 'Media's setting agenda' have on democracy?
- c) Write a brief account on the agricultural practices done by the people of Amazon basin.
- d) Explain the possible reasons for changing in the cultural landscape of the Sahara.
- e) Differentiate between Amazon basin and Ganga-Brahmaputra basin.

**Q.9 Read the following passage and answer the questions given below.**

Women and girls now have the right to study and go to school. There are other spheres – like legal reform, violence and health – where the situation of women and girls has improved. These changes have not happened automatically. Women individually, and collectively have struggled to bring about these changes. This struggle is known as the Women's Movement. Individual women and women's organisations from different parts of the country are part of the movement. Many men support the women's movement as well. The diversity, passion and efforts of those involved makes it a very vibrant movement. Different strategies have been used to spread awareness, fight discrimination and seek justice.

Campaigns to fight discrimination and violence against women are an important part of the women's movement. Campaigns have also led to new laws being passed. A law was made in 2006 to give women who face physical and mental violence within their homes, also called domestic violence, some legal protection.

- a) Define discrimination. **(1)**
- b) What do you understand by 'Domestic Violence'? **(1)**
- c) Why do you think different strategies have been used by women? Give any two reasons. **(2)**

### **SECTION – C**

**Q.10 Answer Any three from the following questions in 80 to 100 words.**

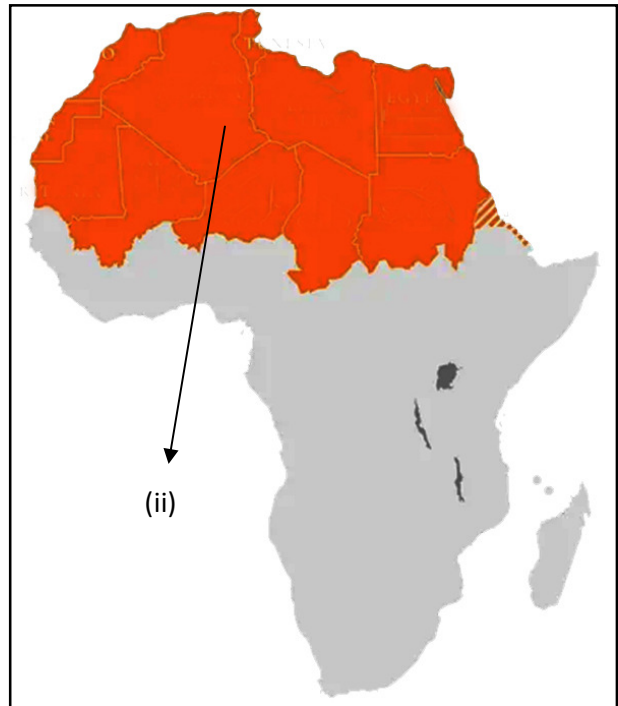
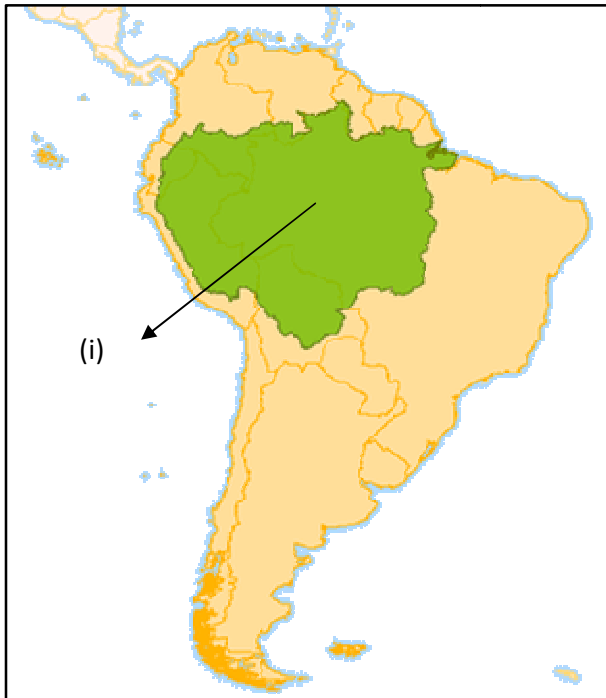
**(5x3=15)**

- a) What changes took place in Varna-based society?
- b) Differentiate between Sahara and Ladakh desert.
- c) Explain how a chain of markets is formed. What purpose does it serve?
- d) Describe the factors that led to the downfall of Mughals.

## SECTION – D (Map based question)

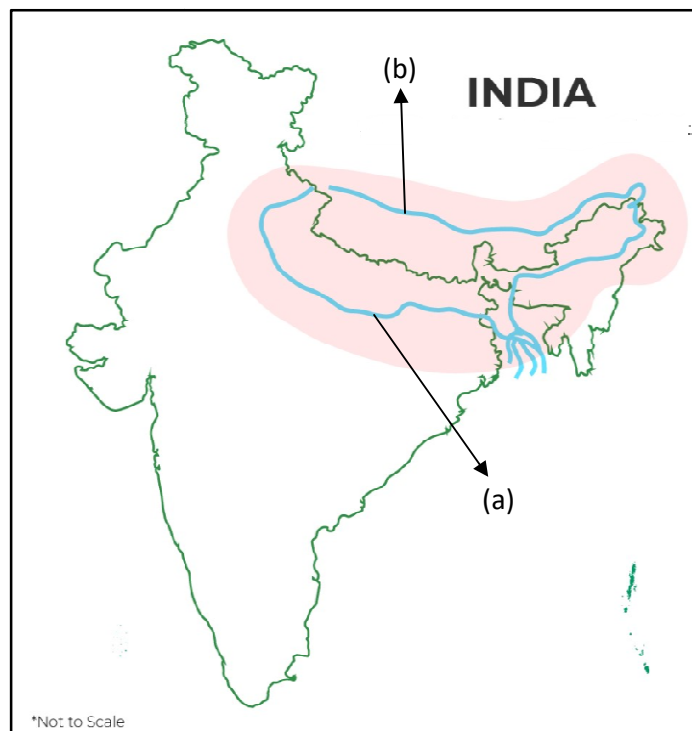
**Q.11 Identify the shaded regions.**

**(1x2=2)**



**Q.12 Identify the rivers.**

**(½x2=1)**



**Q.13 On an outline map of India locate the following with the help of the given clues. (1x3=3)**

- A) The city that serves as the capital of Ladakh.
- B) Raja Ajit Singh was the ruler of the palace built here.
- C) Sawai Raja Jai Singh of Amber founded this new capital.

