## PT-2/HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION, 2022-23

**Class - VII** 

### SCIENCE

Time - 07:15 AM to 10:20 PM

**M.M. : 80** 

Date - 07.09.2022 (Wednesday)

Name of the student \_\_\_\_

\_\_Section \_\_\_\_

#### **<u>General Instructions :</u>**

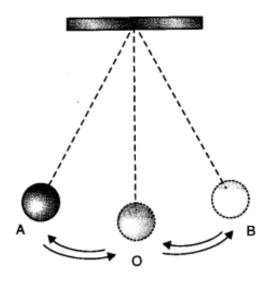
- All the questions are compulsory.
- There are two sections in this question paper Section A Objective section and Section B Subjective section.
- Section A contains 24 questions of 1 mark (Q.1 to 18) and 2 marks (Q. 19 to 24)
- Section B contains 14 questions of 3 mark (Q25 to Q32), 4 marks (Q33 to Q36) and 5 marks (Q37 and Q38).

## **SECTION - A**

#### **Multiple Choice Questions:**

The plant which traps and feeds on insects is:					
(a) Cuscuta	(b) Rose	(c) Pitcher plant	(d) Sunflower		
The raw materials of photosynthesis are:					
(a) Carbohydrates a	nd oxygen	(b) Carbon dioxide and	hydrogen		
(c) Carbon dioxide and water		(d) Carbon dioxide and oxygen			
The tiny pores prese	e tiny pores present on the leaves for exchange of gases are called as:				
(a) Chloroplast	(b) Petiole	(c) Stomata	(d) Pedicel		
In buccal cavity, starch is broken down into sugar by the action of:					
(a) Saliva (salivary a	mylase) (b) Bile juic	ce (c) Hydrochloric acid	d (d) All of these		
Read carefully the terms given below. Which of the following set is the corr combination of organs that do not carry out any digestive functions?					
(a) Oesophagus, larg	ge intestine, rectum	(b) Buccal cavity, oes	sophagus, rectum		
(c) Buccal cavity, oe	sophagus, large intestir	ne (d) Small intestine, la	irge intestine, rectum		
What is the range of the temperature scale of a laboratory thermometer?					
(a) –10°C to 110°C	(b) 35°C to 42°C	(c) -20°C to 100°C	(d) -10°C to 150°C		
Which among the fo	ich among the following is NOT a chemical change?				
(a) Cutting a log of v	vood in small pieces	(b) Burning of wood			
(c) Ripening of fruit		(d) Cooking of food			
A simple pendulum	takes 42 seconds to con	mplete 20 oscillations. W	'hat is its time period?		
(a) 2.1 s	(b) 4.2 s	(c) 21 s	(d) 8.40 s		
	<ul> <li>(a) Cuscuta</li> <li>The raw materials o</li> <li>(a) Carbohydrates a</li> <li>(c) Carbon dioxide a</li> <li>The tiny pores prese</li> <li>(a) Chloroplast</li> <li>In buccal cavity, star</li> <li>(a) Saliva (salivary a</li> <li>Read carefully the combination of orgation of</li></ul>	<ul> <li>(a) Cuscuta (b) Rose</li> <li>The raw materials of photosynthesis are: <ul> <li>(a) Carbohydrates and oxygen</li> <li>(c) Carbon dioxide and water</li> </ul> </li> <li>The tiny pores present on the leaves for exact (a) Chloroplast (b) Petiole</li> <li>In buccal cavity, starch is broken down interesting (a) Saliva (salivary amylase) (b) Bile juice</li> <li>Read carefully the terms given below. combination of organs that do not carry out (a) Oesophagus, large intestine, rectum</li> <li>(c) Buccal cavity, oesophagus, large intestine</li> <li>(d) -10°C to 110°C (b) 35°C to 42°C</li> <li>Which among the following is NOT a chemical (a) Cutting a log of wood in small pieces</li> <li>(c) Ripening of fruit</li> </ul>	(a) Cuscuta(b) Rose(c) Pitcher plantThe raw materials of photosynthesis are:(a) Carbohydrates and oxygen(b) Carbon dioxide and(a) Carbon dioxide and water(d) Carbon dioxide and(c) Carbon dioxide and water(d) Carbon dioxide andThe tiny pores present on the leaves for exchange of gases are called(a) Chloroplast(b) Petiole(a) Chloroplast(b) Petiole(a) Saliva (salivary amylase)(b) Bile juice(c) Hydrochloric acidRead carefully the terms given below. Which of the followincombination of organs that do not carry out any digestive functions(a) Oesophagus, large intestine, rectum(b) Buccal cavity, oesophagus, large intestine(d) Small intestine, laWhat is the range of the temperature scale of a laboratory thermore(a) -10°C to 110°C(b) 35°C to 42°C(c) Ripening of fruit(d) Cooking of foodA simple pendulum takes 42 seconds to complete 20 oscillations. We		

Q.9	Choose the correct option to complete the chemical equation.					
	Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) + Lime water [Ca(OH) <sub>2</sub> ] $\rightarrow$ + Water (H <sub>2</sub> O)					
	(a) Calcium Carbona	ate (CaCO3)	(b) Magnesium carbonate (MgCO <sub>3</sub> )			
	(c) Sodium carbonate (Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> )		(d) Zinc carbonate ( $ZnCO_3$ )			
Q.10						
	(a) Q is at higher ter	nperature than P.	(b) P is at higher temperature than Q.			
	(c) Both are at same temperature.		(d) Heat energy does not flow.			
Q.11	If the chemical pro shape changes, it is	-	e remain unchanged an	d only its appearance or		
	(a) Chemical change		(b) Physical change			
	(c) Both physical an	d chemical changes	(d) Neither physical nor chemical change			
Q.12	Tartaric acid is foun	d in:				
	(a) Vinegar	(b) Tamarind	(c) Spinach	(d) Curd		
Q.13	When the soil is too basic, plants do not grow well in it. To improve its quality what must be added to the soil?					
	(a) Organic matter	(b) Quick lime	(c) Slaked lime	(d) Calamine solution		
Q.14	A bus travels 54 km	in 90 minutes. The spe	eed of the bus in m/s is:			
	(a) 0.6 m/s	(b) 10 m/s	(c) 5.4 m/s	(d) 3.6 m/s		
Q.15	The false feet of Am	oeba are used for:				
	(a) Movement only (c) Capture of food and movement		(b) Capture of food only (d) Exchange of gases only			
Q.16	Ammonium hydroxi	ide that turns red litmu	ıs to blue is:			
	(a) Acidic	(b) Basic	(c) Neutral	(d) None of these		
Q.17	Galvanization is a pr	rocess used to prevent	the rusting of which of t	he following?		
	(a) Iron	(b) Zinc	(c) Sodium	(d) Gold		
Q.18	<ul><li>A beggar wrapped himself with a few layers of newspaper on a cold winter night. This helped him to keep himself warm because:</li><li>(a) Friction between the layers of newspaper produces heat.</li></ul>					
	(b) Air trapped between the layers of newspaper is a bad conductor of heat.					
	(c) Newspaper is a conductor of heat.					
	(d) Newspaper is at a higher temperature than the temperature of the surrounding.					
Q.19				change is observed. The (2)		
	(a) Both acidic & bas	sic (b) Basic	(c) Acidic or neutral	(d) None of these		



The time period of a simple pendulum is the time taken by it to travel from:

- (a) A to B and back to A (b) O to A, A to B and B to A
- (c) B to A, A to B and B to O (d) A to B
- Q.21 Fill in the blanks with the appropriate word.
  - (a) Lichens has a \_\_\_\_\_ colour in distilled water.
  - (b) A brown layer formed when an iron article is left exposed in an open area is called \_\_\_\_.
- Q.22 Give one word answer for the questions given below.
  - a) An indicator that turns acidic solutions to dark pink (magenta) and basic solutions to green.
  - b) The process in which crystals of pure substances can be obtained from their solutions.
- Q.23 Tick the statements as true or false (T/F).
  - a) The bodies of living organisms are made of tiny units called as cell.
  - b) Digestion of starch starts in the stomach.
  - c) Sun is the ultimate source of energy for all living organisms.
  - d) Nitric acid turns red litmus blue.
- Q.24 Match the following:

Column I		Column II	
a.	Odometer	i.	Sugar products
b.	Speed	ii.	Heterotrophs
c.	Animals	iii.	Distance moved
d.	Tooth decay	iv.	distance/time

 $(0.5 \times 4=2)$ 

(1x2=2)

(1x2=2)

 $(0.5 \times 4=2)$ 

(2)

# **SECTION - B**

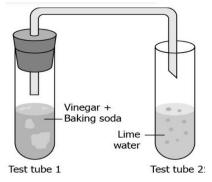
Q.25	Describe a symbiotic relationship which is beneficial for farmers.	(3)
Q.26	Why do organisms need to take food?	(3)
Q.27	Discuss the various associated glands of digestive system and their role in digestion.	(3)
Q.28	Define the term Nutrition and write the steps (processes) involved in nutrition in hum beings?	
Q.29	What is the normal human body temperature in Celsius scale? Convert it into Fahrenh scale by using conversion formula.	neit (3)
Q.30	What is radiation? Write two properties of an object on which radiation depends.	(3)
Q.31	Describe the process of neutralization reaction with the help of an example.	(3)
Q.32	What are indicators? Give two examples of natural indicator.	(3)
Q.33	Write any 4 differences between acids and bases.	(4)
Q.34	Write two similarities and two differences between clinical and laboratory thermome	eter. (4)
Q.35	a) Identify physical and chemical changes in a burning candle.	(2)
	b) Write two characteristics of chemical changes.	(2)
Q.36	a) Define one oscillation for simple pendulum.	(1)
	b) The odometer of a car reads 57321.0 km when the clock shows the time 08:30 AM. What is the distance moved by the car, if at 08:50 AM, the odometer reading has changed to 57336.0 km? Calculate the speed of the car in km/min during this time.	

Q.37 Draw a well labeled diagram of land breeze and sea breeze. (5)

#### OR

Draw a well labeled diagram of clinical thermometer. (any 4 labels)

Q.38 Observe the given setup and answer the following questions -



- a) Name the gas evolved during the demonstrated chemical reaction from test tube 1. (1)
- b) Write down observation when the evolved gas mixes with lime water in test tube 2. (1)
- c) Identify and write the type of change seen in the given figure.
- d) Write the reaction in the form of word/chemical equation for the changes seen in both test tube 1 and test tube 2. (2)

(1)