

PRACTICE PAPER

Social Science

Class x

Multiple Choice Questions.

- Why and when Mazzini sent into exile?
 - In 1831, for attempting a revolution in Liguria
 - In 1830, for starting a revolution in Genoa
 - In 1840, for founding a secret society
 - For attempting to overthrow the Italian govt, in 1830
- Zollverein started in 1834 in Prussia refers to a:
 - Trade Union
 - Customs Union
 - Labour Union
 - Farmer's Union
- By whom was the first image of Bharat Mata painted?
 - Rabindranath Tagore
 - Abanindranath Tagore
 - Ravi Verma
 - Nandala Bose
- The leader of the peasants in the Gudem Hills of Andhra was:
 - Baba Ramchandra
 - Venkata Raju
 - Alluri Sitaram Raju
 - None of these
- Which of the following sedimentary minerals is formed as a result of evaporation, especially in arid regions?
 - Coal
 - Potash salt
 - Iron ore
 - Sulphur
- Which of the following is non metallic mineral?
 - Copper
 - Iron
 - Zinc
 - Mica
- Which of the following industries is in private sector?

- (a) Dabur
 - (b) BHEL
 - (c) SAIL
 - (d) HINDALCO
8. Which of the following types of roads received special impetus under the Pradhan Mantri Sadak Yojana?
- (a) National Highways
 - (b) State Highways
 - (c) Rural Roads
 - (d) District Roads
9. "A group fighting against bonded labour" is an example of:
- (a) Sectional interest groups
 - (b) Promotional group
 - (c) Public interest group
 - (d) Pressure group
10. Which Agency in Bolivia pressurised the government to give its control of municipal water supply?
- (a) World Bank
 - (b) IMF
 - (c) UNO
 - (d) USA
11. Those parties which are given the special privilege of 'election symbol' and other facilities are said to be:
- (a) identified by the Election Commission
 - (b) recognized by the Election Commission
 - (c) patronised by the Election Commission
 - (d) attached by the Election Commission
12. What challenge is faced by a country making the transition to democracy?
- (a) Challenge of expansion
 - (b) Foundational challenge
 - (c) Deepening of Democracy challenge
 - (d) None of the above
13. Majority of the credit needs of the poor households are met from:
- (a) Formal sources

- (b) Informal sources
 - (c) Self help groups
 - (d) None of the above
14. Banks use the major portion of the deposits to:
- (a) Keep as reserve so that people may withdraw
 - (b) Meet their routine expenses
 - (c) Extend loans
 - (d) Meet renovation of bank
15. Special Economic Zones (SEZ) developed by the government of India are aimed:
- (a) To attract foreign companies to invest in India
 - (b) To encourage small investors
 - (c) To encourage regional development
 - (d) None of the above
16. Which one of the following is not a Consumer Right?
- (a) Right to property
 - (b) Right to Choose
 - (c) Right to be informed
 - (d) Right to seek redressal

Answer the following questions.

- 17. Why was the Napoleonic rule over other region unpopular with some sections of Europe?
- 18. Write about the Rowlatt Act, 1919.
- 19. Why is conservation of minerals important? How can we conserve minerals?
- 20. Why has the Chotanagpur plateau region maximum concentration of iron and steel industries? Write reasons.
- 21. Mention the various measures taken by the government boost the production of jute goods.
- 22. How would you differentiate between sectional interest groups and public interest groups?
- 23. What outcome can one reasonably expect of democracies?
- 24. Why are democracies unable to reduce economic inequalities? Explain.

25. What are the features of a good democracy?
26. Why did the Indian government put trade barriers to foreign trade and investment after Independence? Why did it wish to remove these barriers?
27. Explain the impact of Globalisation in India.
28. What are the salient features of the Consumer Protection Act of 1986?
29. Explain the ways in which exploitation takes place in a market place.
30. How was the Italy unified? Explain.
31. What was the impact of the Rowlatt Act Satyagraha on the political situation in India? Describe.
32. What is mass communication? What are the different means of mass communication? What is the significance of mass communication in a country like India?
33. Why is there a lack of internal democracy within the political parties in India? Explain.
34. What is the basic idea behind the SHGs for the poor? Explain.
